سهسطحی انگلیسی (۲)



پایهٔ یازدهم تجربی، ریاضی، انسانی، فنی و حرفهای و کار و دانش نسبتاًدشـوار، دشـوار، دشـوارتر

• سؤالها در سه سطح مرتب شدهاند: بر اساس درصد مراجعه در آزمونهای کانون

در این کتاب، سؤالات هر درس به صورت مبحثی تنظیم شده است. بنابراین شما میتوانید سؤالات این کتاب را به دو شیوه تمرین کنید:

۱) درس محور: در هر مرحله تمام سؤالات یک درس را پاسخ دهید.

۲) مبحثی: در هر مرحله سؤالات یک مبحث (Vocabulary, Grammar, Cloze Test, Reading) را پاسخ دهید.



همراه با پاسخ تشریحی



19٠ سؤال دشوارتر



164 سؤال دشوار



146 سؤال نسبتاً دشوار



••∆ سؤال

هماهنگی و نظارت: سییده عرب

گزینشگران: حامد هوشیاران - آناهیتا اصغری تاری- شهریار رجائی فیروز آبادی

کانون فرهنگ آموزش قلم چی

مجموعه كتاپهاي سهسطتي

(فسبتاً هشواره هشواره هشوارتر)

تيراژ	سال چاپ	نوبت چاپ
M\$ 7000	1799	اول

دو ویژگی مهم کتابهای سه سطحی عبارتند از:

- ۱ سؤالها، در سه سطح تنظیم شدهاند: سؤالهای نسبتاً دشوار، دشوار و دشوارتر. بنابراین اکثریت دانش آموزان، مخاطب این کتاب هستند: دانش آموزانی با نمرهٔ بین ۱۴ تا ۲۰ در مدرسه و با ترازهای بیش از ۴۷۵۰ در آزمونهای کانون.
- ۲ تکتک سؤالها، شناسنامه و هویت دارند، یعنی سؤالها بهطور سلیقهای و صرفاً براساس نظر اشخاص تنظیم نشدهاند، بلکه براساس آمار و میزان مراجعه در آزمونهای استاندارد کانون و ارزیابی کارشناسان چیده شدهاند.

- انتظار داریم دانش آموزان ترازهای ۴۷۵۰ تا
 ۵۵۰۰ از هر ۱۰ سؤال به ۲ سؤال پاسخ دهند.
- انتظار داریم دانش آموزان ترازهای ۵۵۰۰ تا ۶۲۵۰
 از هر ۱۰ سؤال به ۳ (یا ۴) سؤال پاسخ دهند.
- انتظار داریم دانش آموزان ترازهای ۶۲۵۰ به بالا از هر ۱۰ سؤال به بیش از ۵ سؤال پاسخ دهند.

اد

- انتظار داریم دانش آموزان ترازهای ۴۷۵۰ تا ۵۵۰۰ از هر ۱۰ سؤال به ۱ سؤال پاسخ دهند.
- انتظار داریم دانش آموزان ترازهای ۵۵۰۰ تا ۶۲۵۰
 از هر ۱۰ سؤال به ۲ (یا ۳) سؤال پاسخ دهند.
- انتظار داریم دانش آموزان ترازهای ۶۲۵۰ به بالا از هر ۱۰ سؤال به بیش از ۴ سؤال پاسخ دهند.

- انتظار داریم دانش آموزان ترازهای ۴۷۵۰ تا
 ۵۵۰۰ از هر ۱۰ سؤال به ۵ سؤال پاسخ دهند.
- انتظار داریم دانش آموزان ترازهای ۵۵۰۰ تا ۶۲۵۰
 از هر ۱۰ سؤال به ۶ (یا ۷) سؤال پاسخ دهند.
- انتظار داریم دانش آموزان ترازهای ۶۲۵۰ به بالا از هر ۱۰ سؤال به بیش از ۸ سؤال پاسخ دهند.

نسبتاً دشوار **روزور**

دشوار **رورو**

دشوارتر **لا**

ಯವಾ

این کتاب دو ویژگی مهم دارد. ویژگی نخست، این که سؤالها، در سه سطح تنظیم شدهاند: سؤالهای "نسبتاً دشوار، دشوار و دشوارتر". بنابراین نیمی از دانش آموزان، مخاطب این کتاب هستند، یعنی دانش آموزانی با نمرهٔ بین ۱۴ تا ۲۰ در مدرسه و با ترازهای بیش از ۴۷۵۰ در آزمونهای کانون.

ویژگی دوم کتاب این است که تکتک سؤالها، شناسنامه و هویت دارند و براساس آمار و میزان مراجعه* در آزمونهای استاندارد کانون چیده شدهاند. سؤالها بهطور سلیقهای و صرفاً براساس نظر اشخاص تنظیم نشدهاند.

معلوم است که چند درصد دانش آموزان شرکت کننده در آزمونها به هریک از سؤالها مراجعه کردهاند و چند درصد دانش آموزان به هر سؤال پاسخ صحیح دادهاند. معیار اول که در مشخصات هر سؤال در زیرنویس آن می بینید میزان مراجعهٔ آزمون دهندگان است (علی است (علی سؤال ها توجه کنید متوجه می شوید اولین سؤال هر بخش که در گروه "نسبتاً دشوار" قرار دارد میزان مراجعه کنندهٔ بیشتری در آزمون های کانون داشته است. یعنی تعداد بیشتری احساس کردهاند که می توانند از عهدهٔ آن سؤال بر آیند البته ممکن است احساس و تلقی اولیهٔ دانش آموز با واقعیت متفاوت باشد و در عمل درصد پاسخ گویی متناسب با میزان مراجعه نباشد، یعنی به یک سؤال تعداد بیش تری مراجعه کنند و با آن در گیر شوند ولی پاسخ صحیح شان کم تر باشد.

چون نحوهٔ انتخاب سؤالها و نظم و ترتیب سؤالها بهصورت سلیقهای نیست و مبنای علمی و آماری دارد بنابراین دبیران و دانش آموزان می توانند برنامهٔ دقیقی برای استفاده از کتاب داشته باشند. هر دانش آموز می تواند توقع خود از میزان پاسخ گویی به سؤالهای هر بخش را از قبل تعیین کند، در نتیجه دانش آموز متوسط از در گیرشدن با سؤالها سرخورده نخواهد شد. دانش آموز متوسط می تواند از سطح اول سؤالها، یعنی سؤالهای "نسبتاً دشوار" حدود نیمی از سؤالها را شخصاً پاسخ دهد و از سطح دوم، یعنی سؤالهای این دو بخش را با یعنی سؤالهای "دشوار" می تواند حدود بیست تا سی درصد را پاسخ دهد و تعدادی از باقی ماندهٔ سؤالهای این دو بخش را با کمک پاسخنامهٔ تشریحی بیاموزد. اما از سوی دیگر دانش آموزان قوی تر می توانند انتظار داشته باشند که به اکثر سؤالهای "نسبتاً دشوار" پاسخ دهند. بیش از نیمی از سؤالهای "دشوار" را حل کنند و مثلاً سی یا چهل درصد سؤالهای چالشی تر از بخش سؤالهای "دشوار تر" را حل کنند.

هویت داشتن و شناسنامهدار بودن سؤالها و سهبخشی بودن سؤالها در سه گروه "نسبتاً دشوار، دشوار و دشوار ر" دو ویژگی این کتاب است که به شما امکان برنامهریزی برای مطالعهٔ عمیق تر و درگیر شدن با "چالشهای دلیذیر" علمی را می دهد.

البته در هنگام مطالعهٔ نشانی هر سؤال به این نکات نیز دقت کنید که هر سؤال در کدام ماه از سال آزمون گرفته شده است و آیا آن سؤال در نزدیکی امتحانات، قبل یا پس از امتحانات مدرسه و یا در ایام تابستان پرسیده شده است. این نکات برای خوانندهٔ نکته سنج از این جهت اهمیت خواهد داشت که تشخیص می دهد میزان مراجعه و احساس دانش آموزان از سطح دشواری سؤال همواره یکسان نیست و میزان و درصد پاسخ گویی ایشان در دورههای زمانی مختلف و متناسب با نزدیکی و دوری امتحانات مدرسه و این که آیا آزمون کانون به صورت مستقل، پوششی یا تجمعی و تراکمی بر گزار می شود متفاوت خواهد بود. ضمناً این که هر سؤال در ابتدا یا انتها یا میانهٔ مجموعه سؤال های درج شده، تا حدودی احساس دشواری متفاوت و میزان پاسخ گویی متمایزی را ایجاد خواهد کرد. اما به هرحال حاصل جمع بندی آماری و حذف داده های ناهمگن و اظهارنظر خبره گرایانه چندین دبیر صاحب نظر مرجع بسیار مطمئن و استانداردی برای تعیین سؤالهای دشوار و سطح بندی آنهاست.

در پایان از صاحبنظران و کارشناسان و دبیران و استادان گرامی و نیز دانش آموزان دقیق و نکتهسنج خواهش می کنم نظرات و پیشنهادهای خود را با ما در میان بگذارند. باشد که این کتاب منبع مؤثری برای ارتقاء منظم و هدفمند پیشرفت و موفقیت تحصیلی دانش آموزان باشد و به دبیران گرامی در این راه کمک مطلوبی بنماید.

كاظم قلمچي

*میزان مراجعه به معنی تعداد دانش آموزانی است که به سراغ سؤال می روند و به آن سؤال پاسخ می دهند خواه پاسخشان صحیح یا اشتباه باشد. دانش آموزان در برخورد اول احساس می کنند که آیا از عهدهٔ آن سؤال برمی آیند یا نه و این موضوع سبب می شود که دانش آموز با آن سؤال در گیر شود یا خیر.

درصد پاسخ گویی: درصد دانش آموزانی است که به هر سؤال پاسخ صحیح میدهند.

بیشترین درصد مراجعه به سؤالات در سهسطح

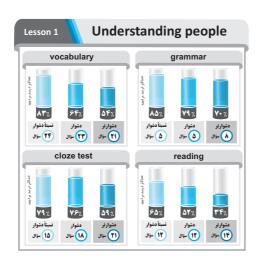
(نسبتاً دشوار، دشوار، دشوارتر)

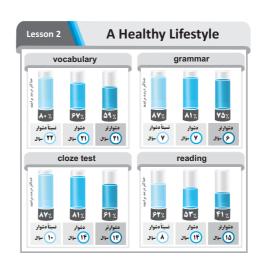
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			•	
عنوان	سؤالهاي نسبتاً دشوار	سؤالهای دشوار	سؤالهاي دشوارتر	
عبوان	حداكثر درصد مراجعه	حداكثر درصد مراجعه	حداكثر درصد مراجعه	
	۸۳	94	54	vocabulary
Understanding people	۸۵	Y 9	٧٠	grammar
onderstanding people	/ 9	49	۵۹	cloze test
	90	۵۲	۳۴	reading
	۸٠	94	۵۹	vocabulary
A Healthy Lifestyle	٨٧	۸۱	٧۵	grammar
A fleatiny thestyle	AY	۸۱	91	cloze test
	94	۵۳	41	reading
	49	94	۵۷	vocabulary
Aut and Collins	٧۵	٧٣	٧٠	grammar
Art and Culture	٧٠	<i>9</i> 9	94	cloze test
	۵۶	49	۳۸	reading

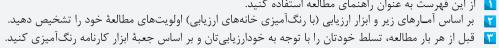






سهسطحی انگلیسی (۲)، پایهٔ یازدهم

۱۱ از این فهرست به عنوان راهنمای مطالعه استفاده کنید.





ارزیابی پیشرفت					Understanding		
مسلط نيستم	نسبتاً مسلطم	مسلطم	شماره تست	تعداد تست	شماره صفحه	people	,
زرد	سبز	آبی	۱ -۵۶	۵۶	٨	سؤالهای نسبتاً دشوار	•
زرد	سبز	آبی	۵۷ - ۱۱۴	۵۸	14	سؤالهای دشوار	•
زرد	- myć	آبی	110-178	84	۲۱	سؤالهای دشوارتر	•
	معبندى فصل	?			اسخ تشریحی		•
زرد	- myć	آبی		۱۷۸		جمع	

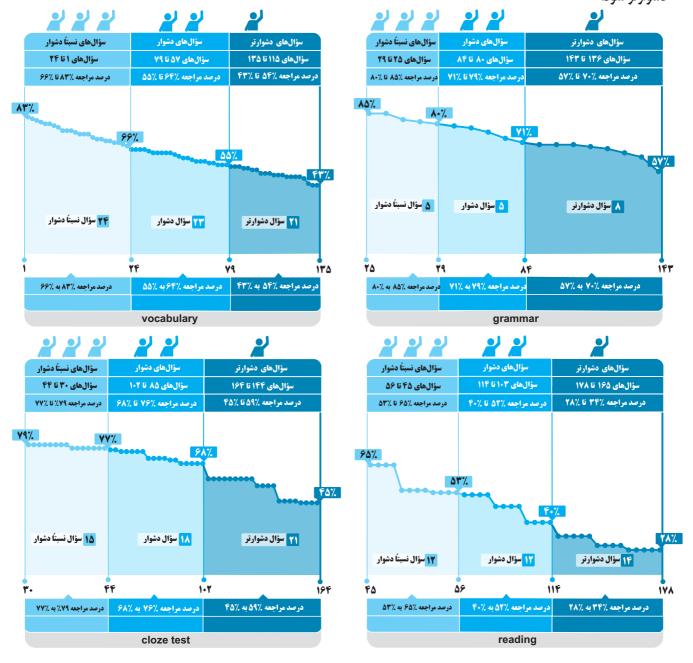
	زیابی پیشرفت	ار	شماره تست	تعداد تست	شماره صفحه	A Healthy Lifestyle
مسلط نيستم	نسبتأمسلطم	مسلطم	-			
زرد	سبز	آبی	179-770	47	44	سؤالهای نسبتاً دشوار
زرد	m,ć	آبی	77 <i>8</i> -7 <i>8</i> 1	۵۶	٣٣	سؤالهای دشوار
زرد	m,ć	آبی	۲۸۲ –۳۳۷	۵۶	٣٩	• سؤالهای دشوار تر
(معبندى فصل	?			۸۵	• پاسخ تشریحی
زرد	سبز	آبی		۱۵۹		جمع

	زیابی پیشرفت	ار	شماره تس <i>ت</i>	تعداد تست	شماره صفحه	Art and Culture	٣
مسلط نيستم	نسبتاً مسلطم	مسلطيم	j				
زرد)-m-i	آبی	۳ ۳۸ –۳۸ •	۴۳	* Y	سۇالھاى نسبتاً دشوار	
زرد	- ju	آبی	TA1-4T 0	۵۰	۵۳) سؤالهای دشوار	•
زرد	- ju	آبی	471 -000	٧٠	۵۹) سؤالهای دشوارتر	•
	معبندى فصل	?			97	، پاسخ تشریحی	•
زرد	سبز	آبی		188		جمع	

۵۰۰ تست جمع کل انگلیسی (۲) - پایهٔ یازدهم

Understanding people

برای هر مبحث کتاب، جدول و نمودار سطحبندی سؤالها مانند نمودار پایین تهیه شده، در این جدول تعداد و شماره سؤالهای هر سطح، (نسبتاً دشوار، دشوار، دشوارتر)، درصدهای مراجعه ابتدایی و انتهایی هر سطح مشخّص و نمودار براساس درصد مراجعه به سؤال و شمارهٔ سؤالها تنظیم شده است. بدیهی است که این نمودار باید شیب منطقی داشته و هرچه رو به پایان می رویم درصد مراجعه، کمتر و سؤالها دشوارتر شود.



معرّفی نشانهها

در مقابل هر سؤال سه نشانهی زیر را مشاهده می کنید:



۲ تاریخ برگزاری آزمون





Lesson 1: Understanding people



سؤالهاي نسبتاً دشوار



Vocabulary

B: "I don't think so. You're just things."	AT'.
1) experiencing 2) watching 3) imagining 4) desc	eribing \(\frac{\fin}}}}{\fint}}}}}}}}}{\frac{\fint}}{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac}{\frac{\fir}}}{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\f
2- Mr. Stevens is the most teacher in our school. Every year students fight with each oth	ner to take his Physics class.
1) ancient 2) domestic	AY'.
3) boring 4) popular	γΔ'.
	4Y/•Y/Y•
3- It seems that coffee has been a drink for thousands of years, but in my country people prefer	r tea the most. A\'/.
1) social 2) balanced	V*/.
3) popular 4) generous	97/11/0
4- I think the teaching system in that country has many problems, because it does not	pay attention to students'
different skills and	~ } ∧•′/.
1) percents 2) ranges	YYY.
3) abilities 4) points	91/04/14
5- "How long has it been since you moved here, Alex? You speak our language very You're	e so smart!" Y9%
1) fluently 2) helpfully	V*/.
3) luckily 4) internationally	94/04/40
6- My daughter is going to take a cooking class that help young cooks update their	. of foods and make more
delicious ones.	/9// Y9 //.
1) existence 2) speaker	V*/.
3) knowledge 4) communication	91/04/14
7- I left that boring job because it didn't my needs and wishes. In fact, I love the jobs that	nt involve traveling through
the country or abroad.	YA'.
1) vary 2) meet	£1%.
3) exist 4) range	94/09/19
8- They say it's impossible to do, but I'm one hundred sure that if we all work as a teal	m, we can make it happen.
1) percent 2) century	YY /.
3) society 4) cost	V17.
9- The students who go the net all night are always lacking full attention required in the	he class during school days.
1) singing 2) surfing	γ۵./.
3) saving 4) varying	V17/.

دبان انگلیسی (۲)- پایهٔ یازدهم Lesson 1: **Understanding people**



10- He has skills, knowledge and a(n) to w	ork all over the world. In my opinion, these are the th	ings that many
people like to have.		γ۵%.
1) notice	2) fact	F9%.
3) ability	4) element	94/09/18
11-It's been a while that the Parliament is trying to	move the capital from Tehran to another of the country.	γ۵%.
1) society	2) trip	FY'/.
3) success	4) region	97/-7/
12-I was late for the meeting, <u>fortunately</u> it hadn't	t started yet. The underlined word is a synonym of	V*/.
1) honestly	2) fluently	
3) actually	4) luckily	94/04/14
13- I've been called for a/n for a manager's	job in an oil company.	YT '.
1) communication	2) explanation	
3) ceremony	4) interview	9°/.
14-If people do not take care of the wildlife with it	's wonderful animals and plants, it will from the Earth i	n future.
1) disappear	2) compare	27 YT%
3) measure	4) destroy	FY /.
15- This popular TV channel sport progra	ams around the world in different languages and a gr	reat number of
people of all continents watch them.		VT'.
1) broadcasts	2) explains	
3) varies	4) exchanges	۹۷/۰۸/۰۴
16- When the child starts communicating a	nd clearly, the most appropriate adults' behavior may	be to listen and
encourage.		Y1%
1) recently	2) traditionally	P4"/.
3) specially	4) fluently	97/04/04
17- It's very necessary for a good teacher to sp	peak in a way while he is giving speech in class.	₽ Y •′/.
1) nervous	2) fluent	54.
3) famous	4) historical	94/-9/19
18- This book gives you a wide range of to I	make your vocabulary knowledge better.	7 ∀∘ ′/.
1) exercises	2) experiences	Y Δ'/.
3) continents	4) interviews	99/09/10
19- It is very difficult for a government to best	the needs of all the different groups of people in its o	country; on the
other hand, it has to do its own best.		P9/.
1) vary	2) imagine	
3) meet	4) exist	94/· \/-



20- Father got angry w	ith me when he knew a	about the accident I had w	vith his new car.	P9%.
1) recently		2) absolutely		
3) successfully		4) impossibly		\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
21- Native speakers of Sp	anish languages in	number from the small s	societies of at most 100 peop	ole to the large
ones of at least 1 millio	on.			PA'/.
1) range		2) appear		۵۶٪.
3) surf		4) reach		۹۷/۰۷/۲۰
22- Cheetahs being a/an	animal to the north o	of Iran are seriously in da	nger of extinction.	P) 8h%.
1) native		2) favorite		Δ۴%.
3) active		4) strange		99/-9//
23- University students ar	re always worried abou	ut their future. They hope	e to make sure that good job	os whenever
they leave university.				PY'/.
1) exist		2) attract		۵۳٪.
3) locate		4) prepare		97/•7/٢•
24- The teacher asked the st	udents visiting the nation	nal zoo to the fences arou	und the cages of wild animals.	99%
1) keep off		2) die out		Δρ./.
3) turn off		4) put out		99/11/08
Grammar 25- I have books in my	library, so you have a	wide choice to read any b	ooks you want.	ΔΔ'/.
1) very few	2) only a few	3) a few	4) many	Y4'/.
26- How of bread have	you bought? We have	guests tonight.		P/ A6%
1) much loaf / a lot of		2) many loaves / lo	ots of	Δ٣/.
3) much bag/many		4) many bags/mu	ch	94/11/08
27- We have pieces of c	cheese and eggs we	can eat for now so we don	't have to go out.	P
1) some / a little		2) some / a few		F°%
3) no/some		4) a / a few		14/1-4/15
28- I feel that I really need	d at least hot herbal	tea or chocolate milk j	just now!	A1%
1) two cup of / a jar of		2) two cups of / a b	pottle of	FY'/.
3) a piece of / a glass of		4) a loaf of / a box	of	۹۷/۰۸/۱۸
29- The two English cours	se books cover infor	mation, but pre-universit	y students	№ ٨• %
do not spend time re	ading them.			ΔA'/.
1) many - much		2) a lot of - much		94/-4/14
3) many - a lot of		4) a lot of - many		

Cloze Test 1

- A: Welcome. How can I help you?
- B: Thanks, I want to purchase some notes?
- A: We have different ...(30)... of notes in a variety of sizes. Which one would you like to ...(31) ...?
- B: I want the ones of A3 format. ... (32)....
- A: 15,000 Tomans; based on the value of the US dollar now, though. Anything else?
- B: So I have to get it immediately! I also need a map of the US.
- A: Well, you may take this one. It has all the states and ...(33)... of the US in it.
- B: Does the book have any information about the ...(34)... speakers of American English accent?
- A: Yes. of course.
- **30-** *1) values* 2) types 3) abilities 4) beliefs **31-** *1) buy* 3) mean 2) carry 4) drop
- 32- 1) How much are they? 2) Really? 3) You're welcome! 4) Is that right!
- **33-** *1) regions* 2) continents 3) researchers 4) learners 34- 1) tiny 2) easy 3) native 4) warm

Cloze Test 2

- A: Can I help you?
- B: Yes, please. I want to know...(35)... one ticket for the museum costs.
- A:Oh, it's 12 dollars...(36)... tickets do you need?
- B: Four. How much money do I have to pay? Add four ...(37)... of water, too.
- A: 50 dollars, please.
- B: Here you are.
- **35-** *1) how long* 2) how much 3) how many 4) how far
- **36-** *1) How often* 4) How fast 2) How much 3) How many
- **37-** *1) bottles* 2) loaves 3) slices 4) bags

Cloze Test 3

- A: How many languages do you know?
- B: I know English and French.
- A: Which one is your ... (38)... language?
- B: ...(39)..., I like English more than French.
- A: Do you like to learn other languages too?
- B: ...(40)... I always want to speak different languages.
- A: Can you speak English like the native people?
- B: Actually no, but I can ...(41)... them easily.
- 38- 1) available 2) favorite 3) foreign 4) possible
- **39-** *1) To be honest* 3) You're welcome 4) Besides 2) Really
- **40-** 1) Absolutely 2) Orally 3) Powerfully 4) Differently
- **41-** *1) vary* 4) understand 2) enjoy 3) communicate



٧٩%





Cloze Test 4

A: Although we live in the States, Welsh is still my mother ...(42)... and my son speaks it, too.

B: Oh, does your son sounds like a ...(43)... speaker?

A: Ummm ... You know I'm trying my best to make sure he ... (44)... the language completely, but there is little I can do about his fluency.

42- *1) country*

2) nature

3) tongue

4) alphabet

43- *1) famous*

2) native

3) main

4) language

44- 1) means

2) listens

3) learns

4) reads



Reading 1

London is the largest city in Europe. It has held this title for over four hundred years. Over seven million people call London, the capital of the United Kingdom (U.K.), home. One in nine people living in the United Kingdom, lives in London. Three hundred fifty thousand people travel each day into London to work.

Due to London's location, it is very dry all year. Although it is dry, London is often very cloudy. On average, it rains mildly just about every other day. More than a hundred of the world's major companies have their headquarters in London, making the city a major world influence. Most people from London work in a job that involves printing or publishing.



45- It can be inferred from the passage that the U.K. has a population of

1) more than 7 million

2) about 30 million

3) around 50 million

4) over 60 million

46- London has been the largest city in Europe

1) since it was formed

2) since 400 years ago

3) because of its location

4) because it's a major world's influence

47- According to the passage,

1) it rains heavily in London

2) London has a dry climate

3) London is a hot city in general

4) London has a population of about 350,000

48- Most of the people working in London

1) work in publishing industry

2) come from out of London

3) work for world's major companies

4) come to London about every other day

Reading 2

Ted Robinson had been worried all the week. Last Tuesday, he received a letter from the local police. In the letter he was asked to call the station. Ted wondered why he was wanted by the police, but he went to the station yesterday and now he is not worried anymore. At the station, he was told by a smiling policeman that they had found his bicycle. Five days ago, the policeman told him, they had found it in a small village. It is now being sent to his home by train. Ted was very surprised when he heard the news. He was amused, too, because he never expected he ۵۴%

could find it. It was stolen twenty years ago when Ted was a boy of fifteen.









49- At first, Mr. Robinson was worried because

- 1) he had lost his bicycle and didn't find it
- 2) he was afraid of police and going to the station
- 3) someone had stolen his bicycle when he was a little boy
- 4) he didn't know why he had to go to the police station

50- Someone had stolen his bicycle when

1) he was twenty years old

2) he was fifteen years old

3) it was being sent to his home

4) police had found it in the village

51- The word "amused" in line 5 means

- 1) feeling tired or impatient
- 2) feeling or showing happiness
- 3) unable to think clearly or to understand what is happening
- 4) thinking that somebody or something is funny, so that you laugh

52- When Ted knew that the police had found his bicycle, he was surprised because

- 1) he didn't believe it happened
- 2) he was very amused
- 3) they had sent the bicycle to him
- 4) police had found it in a village not in a town

Reading 3

For many years people have been trying to create a simple universal language that would serve all over the world as a common means of communication. In the last three hundred years, more than seven hundred of such languages have been suggested. The most successful and the most popular of these is a language called Esperanto. It was invented by Ludwig Zamenhof, who lived in Poland. When



he was growing up, he saw that people from different backgrounds who lived in Poland had lots of difficulties communicating with each other. This often led to disagreements. Ludwig felt that a common language would help them understand each other better and agree with each other. So he began working on a common international language. He started his work while he was still at school! In 1887, he published some information about his new language. He did not use his real name. He used the name Dr. Esperanto (which means "one who hopes"). Soon people from all over the world became interested in his language, called Esperanto. Today, Esperanto is spoken by about eight million people throughout the world. Many governments and international organizations recognize it in many ways. Esperanto is often used on radio broadcasts from official government stations.

53- What is the passage mainly about?

- 1) The life of a Polish school boy
- 2) Invention of a universal language
- 3) How Esperanto has helped people
- 4) How people often do not understand each other

54- What does the word "these" in line 3 refer to?

1) years

2) means

3) people

4) languages.



55- Which of the following statements is TRUE?

- 1) Ludwig was afraid of people, so he changed his name.
- 2) Ludwig started to work on his idea when he was very young.
- 3) Esperanto has been widely used for the last three hundred years.
- 4) Many people did not understand Ludwig, so they disagreed with him

56- What do we understand about Ludwig Zamenhof?

- 1) He was hopeful that his invention would become successful one day.
- 2) He had difficulty communicating with people when he was growing up.
- 3) He spoke to eight million people in Esperanto.

4) He worked at an o	official radio station.			
		سؤالهای دشوار		
Vocabulary				P\$ 24°/.
57- She was terribly s	ick at heart and made a .	with her eyebrows that she cou	ıldn't speak then.	F9%
1) sign	2) choice	3) point	4) rule	99/09/40
8- Theresa's voice, in	n the theater, was even sti	ronger, more and clearer than	we hoped to hear.	. OJ 68:/
1) nervous		2) fluent		£4.
3) famous		4) popular		\$97. 99/0A/08
59- It's necessary for	the group to meet at least	once a month to their ideas o	ver different issue.	s. 94%
1) exchange		2) circle		** ** ** ** ** ** ** **
3) remember		4) respect		99/11/08
60- It is very amazing	for me as a teacher to f	ind many of the students in my of	class really to t	the advice I give t
them.				P\$ 94%
1) neat		2) deaf		Y A'/.
3) wild		4) talkative		94/04/40
1- A number of ships	s and planes are reported	l to have surprisingly disappeare	ed after entering th	he ··· known as th
Bermuda Triangle	2.			PJ 98%
1) country		2) region		Δ ΔΔ./.
3) continent		4) century		94/09/04
2-It's known to all tha	nt people who are lying can	a't make eye with the person the	ey are speaking to.	P) 84.
1) communication		2) meaning		Δ ΔΑ./.
3) experience		4) society		۹۷/۰۸/۱۸
3- People who have	heart disease, which is on	ne of the major illnesses in the w	orld, can try	That is what som
people believe to h	be the best medicine.			۶۲٪
1) culture		2) ability		ΔY/.
3) frequency		4) laughter		99/11/04

مجموعه كتابهاى سهسطحى





64- The factory is going	g to be closed because of	children between the ages of 1	2 to 16 about half of its	s workers.
1) turn off		2) give up		PY%.
3) fall down		4) make up		۵۱٪.
65 All 2002 Page 40 have		Let the leave to the second	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9\/\0\/\0
	e a high university degr	ee, but they have no experi	ience of teaching at high s	P SY'/.
1) luckily		2) fluently		
3) hopefully		4) absolutely		△ • /.
66- All the players trie	ed hard to win the game	because they had decided to	the bad memory of the	947/.
loss they had receive	ed last year. As you reme	mber, they unfortunately left t	he field with 6 goals.	FY'/.
1) save	2) seek	3) erase	4) pair	94/09/18
67-First of all, the nativ	es should know how to r	espect the cultural of the pec	ople visiting their countries	F17.
1) notices		2) pilgrims		۵۱٪
3) values		4) deserts		۹۷/۰۸/۱۸
68- It is still a for m	ne to understand why he	e left me and all those lovely n	nemories behind with no s	sense of regret.
1) question		2) description		Po%
3) protection		4) location		۵۶٪.
69- I was terribly shoc	ked to see their little an	d poor living place (I'm sorry	to say I can't even call it a	a home) as I had
_	much bigger and also			۵۹٪.
1) disappeared		2) imagined		۵۳٪
3) scanned		4) enjoyed		۹۷/۰۸/۱۸
70- I was warned to	. some particular foods;	or I may suffer a terrible hea	art attack in near future.	P/ 69%
1) fill out		2) keep off		F4.
3) pass away		4) grow up		۹۷/۰۸/۰۴
71- To increase the qualit	ty of the cars the factory n	nakes, all machines in the workin	ng lines must be checked mos	st
1) honestly		2) fortunately		۵۸٪.
3) physically		4) frequently		YA'.
72- Those brothers,	. their facial similarity,	have many things in commo	on in terms of their mann	
and wealth.				۵۷٪
1) besides		2) towards		FY %.
3) along		4) because of		9.4/•1/•9
73- Life was absolutely	y difficult when we had	to on the little money fathe	er was earning.	ΔΥ'/.
1) imagine		2) exchange		79 //
3) exist		4) respect		97/07/70

Lesson 1: Understanding people



ِبَانَ انْخَلَيْسَى (۲)– پايه ياردهم - آموزش امو يا	Lesson 1: Office	erstanding people	اللهاك السوار	
74- The road was closed bed	cause of a recent snow and	the police asked all the drivers	to other roads instead.	۵۷٪
1) meet		2) point		YY /.
3) surf		4) seek		۹۷/۰۸/۱۸
75-To be quite with you	ı, I should say that the wa	y you behave towards your par	rents is by no means polite.	P) 08%
1) domestic		2) popular		Δ1%.
3) honest		4) ancient		94/-4/14
76- His daughter passed	away because of brain c	cancer all the doctors' and	his works to save her.	P) 08%.
1) besides		2) therefore		ΨΑ./.
3) despite		4) however		۹۷/۰۸/۱۸
77- John's wife left him	because he didn't ha	ve a good job.		۵۵٪.
1) fluently		2) amazingly		Δο%.
3) simply		4) greatly.		۹۸/۰۹/۱۵
78- John's behavior towa	ard his coworkers greati	y from men to women; fri	endly to men but serious	and a bit rude
to women.				۵۵٪.
1) seeks		2) varies		FY'/.
3) relates		4) charges		94/09/19
79- A teacher's teaching	system greatly in qua	ality from class to class. It is t	the students that get the	۵۵٪.
teachers to use an appr	ropriate way of teaching.			FY%.
1) scans		2) visits		99/-4/14
3) varies		4) quits		VIII-AIIA
Grammar				/ 9//.
80- We have brought the	e camera. We'll be able t	to take photographs of the	building.	V 17.
1) any	2) a little	3) no	4) some	۹۸/۰۱/۰۷
81- A: "Have you ever be	een to Melbourne?"			Y \./.
B: "Yes, I've been ther	·e"			
1) few times	2) much time	3) a few time	4) much times	ΥΔ'/. 3 9Υ/• 9/• Υ
82- He knows Spanish	h, so we were able to find	d a nice room in Barcelona an	nd buy the necessary	V9'/.
things if we were in ne	ed.			FY'.
1) little	2) a few	3) a lot	4) a little	94/04/14
83- Most students like Di	r. Clemens' method of te	esting He always offers us	time to make prepara	ntion before an
exam.				27 YT%
1) a lot/many		2) a lot of / a little		FA'/.
3) very much / little		4) a lot / a little		97/09/19
84- I doubt if he can find	and fix the problem wi	th the computer. As far as I k	know he has	? Y1%
information about com	iputers.			
1) a few	2) a little	3) few	4) little	1/0 Y P/.